

WILSON SPEEDS EASTWARD; WILL SPEAK TODAY AT SUMMER CAPITAL

President Plans to Make Second Purely Political Speech of His Campaign at Shadow Lawn This Afternoon.

ELECTION MAY HINGE ON INDEPENDENT VOTE

He Will Seek to Show That the Democrats, More Than the Republicans, Deserve Support of These Voters.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Crestline, O., Oct. 6.—President Wilson plans to make the second purely political speech of his campaign at Shadow Lawn tomorrow afternoon before members of the Woodrow Wilson Independent League. Returning from Omaha, Neb., he will arrive at Long Branch at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

The president is known to believe that the coming election will be decided by independents, and he will make an appeal to them. The meeting tomorrow also will be attended by a group of progressives. The president will seek to show that because of his legislative achievements the democratic party, more than the republican party, deserves the support of progressive and independent voters.

Telegrams were received by the president today praising his selection of Major General Goethals, George Rublee and E. E. Clarke as members of the eight-hour board. It was stated authoritatively that he chose General Goethals because of his administrative ability and his acquaintance with railroad problems; Mr. Clarke because of his service on the Interstate Commerce commission and former connection with the railroad brotherhoods, and Mr. Rublee because of his belief that he has an analytical mind.

The run through Iowa, Illinois, Ohio and Indiana today was made with but few stops. Mr. Wilson was told for night of published reports that Ambassador Gerard, now en route home from his post in Berlin, was bringing suggestions that the United States make a new move for peace. The statement was authorized that the president knew of no such mission. Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, has an engagement to see the president Monday to present a letter from the German emperor on Polish relief.

DETROIT POLICE TO HAVE BONUS SYSTEM

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Detroit, Oct. 6.—James Couzens, Detroit's multi-millionaire police commissioner, today announced the establishment of a bonus system for members of the Detroit police force. The bonus, provided personally by Mr. Couzens, will amount to about \$10,000 annually. It is believed to be the first of its kind in the United States. Mr. Couzens receives \$5,000 from the city as police commissioner. He said today that his salary will form part of the bonus, which will be paid out at regular intervals, probably every three months. A record of the efficiency of each member of the department will be kept and distribution of the bonus will be based to a great extent upon this record.

JACKSON PARK MYSTERY IS FINALLY SOLVED

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Chicago, Oct. 6.—The bruised body of a woman found in Lake Michigan off Jackson park, Wednesday night, was identified today as that of Miss Marie Gruenwald. Miss Gruenwald, it was said, came to Chicago from Davenport, Ia., several months ago. She was a housekeeper employed in the Miller house of Northwestern university. She disappeared Tuesday afternoon. The revelation that Miss Gruenwald was worried over an unfortunate love affair practically convinced the police she committed suicide.

NEW SCHEME FOR WAR LOAN

Ottawa, Ont., Oct. 6.—It has been decided to make use of 3,000 branch offices of the Canadian bank in the best domestic war credit. The plan is to allow an individual to open a savings account with the understanding that when it reached a modest amount, probably \$10, the account will be turned into a war saving certificate, paying possibly 5 per cent.

THE WEATHER

THE WEATHER FORECAST.
Denver, Oct. 6.—New Mexico: Saturday and probably Sunday fair; not much change in temperature.

LOCAL WEATHER REPORT.
For twenty-four hours, ending at 6 p. m. yesterday:
Maximum temperature, 81 degrees; minimum, 62; range, 19; temperature at 6 p. m., 76; south wind; clear.

Can the Leopard Change Its Spots?

What has New Mexico to hope from a return to the sort of government that is to be expected from the men who are candidates for office on a republican ticket?

These men are not untried. Most of them have held office and have established records. These records stand before the people of the state as a monument to their inefficiency—a glaring danger sign against their return to power.

Under the old republican regime education was at a lower ebb than ever at any time in the history of New Mexico. There was practically no road system in the state whatever. Political banking was a blight on the development and the business advancement of the community. Favoritism of the most sinister sort hindered all growth and ambition.

IT WAS ONLY WHEN THE OLD CROWD WAS THROWN OUT OF OFFICE THAT THE STATE OF NEW MEXICO BEGAN TO REACH ITS TRUE DEVELOPMENT.

Now the voters are asked to return to power a set of men whose inefficiency and unfitness have been clearly and unmistakably demonstrated.

It is not claimed by any one of these candidates that they would do any differently if elected this year than they did when they held office before. The leopard does not even promise to change his spots.

In this campaign there is only one course for voters who want to see New Mexico continue in the path of development and progress, and that is to vote the democratic ticket—not because they are democrats but because they have clearly shown their superior ability to fill the offices to which they aspire.

The administration of William C. McDonald has been clean, able and progressive. Ezekiel C. de Baca, who is a candidate to succeed him, is pledged to continue the McDonald policies, and his record as lieutenant governor is evidence that he will fulfill his pledge. A. A. Jones, W. B. Walton and all the other candidates on the ticket are men who can be relied upon to discharge their duties with credit to themselves and to the state.

DON'T TRUST THE OLD CROWD. THE LEOPARD CANNOT CHANGE ITS SPOTS.

THE TRUTH ABOUT MEXICO IS TOLD BY SENATOR FALL

Texas Who Represents Sunshine State in Upper House of Congress Gives Us the Facts in the Case.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

New York, Oct. 6.—Is a prepared speech, entitled "The Truth About Mexico," United States Senator Albert B. Fall of New Mexico, at a republican meeting here tonight denounced President Wilson's policy toward the neighboring republic. He declared that "every American who really knows anything of the true conditions in Mexico, knows that Carranza's absolutism, despite Wilson's support, is tottering to a fall."

Senator Fall quoted at length from many of the president's speeches, read numerous newspaper criticisms, and finished by giving a list of "American citizens" who, he said, had been "killed in Mexico by armed Mexicans during the revolutionary period between December 1, 1910, and September 1, 1916."

The list included 285 names. Senator Fall declared that "every bank and practically every business institution in Mexico has been looted; the railroads have been destroyed; the railroads torn up and burned over fires until useless; all bridges destroyed; American property to the extent of hundreds of millions of dollars, and foreign property to the extent of many millions more has been destroyed. Religion has been crushed out of existence, and those preaching it killed from their homes, while the Sisters of Charity have been outraged and murdered, and those left alive compelled to flee. The churches are owned by Mr. Carranza under his decree, and used as barracks and stables by his followers, or those of some other faction."

"Many Americans," continued Senator Fall, "have been driven to the belief that the president of the United States, while possessing a keen intellectual understanding of phrase-making and of the cold meaning of words, while having at his command a most voluminous vocabulary of synonyms, while understanding the art of putting words together in a sentence to convey or hide a meaning, has not the conception of the sentiment underlying a beautifully phrased phrase, and are being led to believe that the word 'humanity' carried a different meaning to McKinley from that which it bears to Wilson, that the word 'alliance' and 'patronage' when falling from his lips are simply beautiful words, placed like 'speaking coins' in some whirlwind phrase, but are not driven hot from the heart by the thought of the welfare of the country or of its people."

DENVER JUDGE TRIES THREE CASES AT ONCE

(SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE TO MORNING JOURNAL)

Denver, Oct. 6.—Judge George W. Allen, of the first division of district court, set a new record here today by holding three trials at once.

Leaving attorneys to argue to a jury in the courtroom, he had commenced a case in chambers when it was found an important witness was absent. While the witness was being summoned the judge heard another brief case.

Bandits Raid Ranch.

Presidio, Tex., Oct. 6.—Mexican bandits raided the ranch of a French-Mexican named Fleuret, and killed both Fleuret and a Mexican boy in his employ, according to a report arriving here today from San Carlos, a town some miles down the Rio Grande from here on the Mexican side. The bandits were trying to drive off the cattle from the ranch near San Carlos when they were detected by Fleuret who resisted with arms.

GERMANY SAID TO WANT WILSON TO TREAT FOR PEACE

New York Post Publishes Story That Gerard Will Lay Before President Overtures From Kaiser to End War.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

New York, Oct. 6.—The New York Evening Post today publishes a story saying that it has been learned from a trustworthy source that Ambassador Gerard is bringing home a request from Germany that the United States intercede to end the European war, and were not inclined to believe the story. Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, declared he knew positively that it was untrue.

While the department does not believe Mr. Gerard would accept so important a mission without notifying his government, it is realized that available means of communication between Washington and Berlin are very hazardous where delicate subjects are involved. The ambassador, it is felt, might be especially reluctant to attempt to communicate with the department regarding a matter as important as a peace proposal, with the risk that his messages might fall into the hands of the allies.

It was declared on the other hand, that the Washington government would have knowledge of such a mission if authentic word of it had reached anyone in the United States. The German ambassador would not discuss the story beyond saying he had information positively disproving it.

Officials at the department today said that only a specific request for mediation by one of the belligerents would bring about any effort by this country to effect a European peace. In the absence of Secretary Lansing, who is ill at home, high officials of the department said that even if a direct offer were to come from one side, doubt was expressed whether a willingness to receive mediation would not have to come from both sides before this country would act.

It is felt both "groups" of backers have been so rigid in their attitude that any advance by a neutral would have to be extremely cautious.

There is a growing conviction among some officials that a military peace brought about by almost direct negotiations between the belligerents would be the probable outcome of the war. Both groups of belligerents are thought to be opposed to negotiations by a third party, especially as there are formidable though small peace parties comprising influential men in all the belligerent countries who are keeping closely in touch with each other.

WASHINGTON IGNORES OF PEACE RUMORS

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Washington, Oct. 6.—If Ambassador Gerard is returning to the United States on a mission other than to spend a belated vacation, officials of the state department disclaim any knowledge of it. The statement has been authorized that no preparations for the discussion of peace through diplomatic channels have been made and that all information gathered here seems to indicate that such a move would be inadvisable as well as futile.

DRY LAW ENFORCEMENT IS URGED BY LANDRITH

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Des Moines, Ia., Oct. 6.—New energy of dry law enforcement was urged upon Iowans today by Ira Landrith, prohibition vice presidential candidate, as the special dry train moved eastward through the state.

"Long long ago," he said here, "when Theodore Roosevelt was yet in office and had not become a no-nonsense potential party would, he uttered the immortal truth: The worst evil in any community is unenforced law. Law enforcement is not a political issue. He who opposes the enforcement of law is not a politician—he is an anarchist."

I. F. Hanly, the presidential candidate, confined himself to discussing the national issue.

U. S. LAUNCH RAMMED BY A HUGE SWORDFISH

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Galveston, Tex., Oct. 6.—The United States engineering launch, *Nereus*, was rammed by a fifteen-foot swordfish yesterday while in the international canal between Canby creek and the Brazos river, according to Capt. George Prendergast, commander of the engineering dredging fleet, who was on the launch when the attack occurred. A big hole was made in the launch, but the water line, but she has kept afloat.

The fish was shot and hauled aboard. The sword measured fifteen feet in length. Captain Prendergast said:

PEACE RUMORS ARE UNFOUNDED IS STATEMENT OF WASHINGTON

State Department Officials Have No Information That Gerard Is Bringing Request to Have U. S. Act.

VON BERNSTORFF SAYS THE REPORT IS UNTRUE

Only Specific Action by One of the Mediators Will Bring About Any Efforts of This Country for Peace.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Washington, Oct. 6.—Ranking officials of the state department said today they had no information to indicate that Ambassador Gerard is bringing home a request from Germany that the United States intercede to end the European war, and were not inclined to believe the story. Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, declared he knew positively that it was untrue.

While the department does not believe Mr. Gerard would accept so important a mission without notifying his government, it is realized that available means of communication between Washington and Berlin are very hazardous where delicate subjects are involved. The ambassador, it is felt, might be especially reluctant to attempt to communicate with the department regarding a matter as important as a peace proposal, with the risk that his messages might fall into the hands of the allies.

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FACTIONAL ROW -IN IOWA KEEPS- THE PROS BUSY

Hanly and Landrith Have a Hard Time Dodging a Bitter State Fight; Nearing Close of First Half of Trip.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Cedar Rapids, Iowa, Oct. 6.—The prohibition national candidates had a lively time in Iowa today in dodging a bitter state fight within the party ranks, and pleading for the national dry cause in nine cities.

To add to the heat of the local controversy the heads of the two warring factions, O. D. Elliot, of Marquette, and A. U. Conner, of Des Moines, were on a special campaigning tour throughout the day. Elliot is the prohibition nominee for governor and he desired the endorsement of the national candidates. He did not get it.

Conner was urging that E. T. More, the democratic candidate, be openly endorsed by the national prohibition candidates, but he failed to win this day.

Hanly attacked liquor traffic as being responsible for filling prisons, insane asylums and correctional institutions.

Of the 14,000 persons who are convicted of crime every year, he declared, "nearly 150,000 of these are out of 250,000 men in our institutions. 150,000 came through the same door; of the 14,000 people murdered produced yearly in this country 15,000 of them are in that horrible state as a direct result of liquor."

GERMANS TURN ON RUMANIANS AND DELIVER A CRUSHING BLOW

Troops of the Kaiser, With the Assistance of the Austro-Hungarians, Administer Defeat to the Enemy.

FIGHTING CONTINUES IN DOBRUDJA REGION

Brusiloff Ceases His Attacks Against Teutonic Allies in Volhynia; Artillery is Active on Somme Front.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Turning against Rumanians, who had been advancing steadily in eastern Transylvania, Austro-Hungarian and German troops have defeated the invaders decisively along a fifty-mile front, North of Fogaras, at the junction of the Homorog and Al rivers. The Rumanians are in retreat, pursued by Teutonic troops.

The successful repulse of the invaders on the southern end of the line was at the hands of General von Falkenhayn, former chief of the German general staff, and who only last week routed the Rumanians around Hermannstadt and drove them back to their own frontier. North of Iteps, the Austro-Hungarians recaptured positions and took more than 2,000 prisoners. Bucharest admits that the Rumanian troops in eastern Transylvania have been withdrawn before attacks by superior forces in the region of Fogaras.

In Dobrudja, heavy fighting continues, with Bucharest recording progress for the Russians and Rumanians in the center and on their left wing.

While General Brusiloff apparently has ceased, at least for the moment, his attacks against the Austro-German lines in Volhynia, west of Lutsk, he continues southward his assaults with great intensity against the positions of the Teutonic allies guarding the approaches to Petrograd, resulting in the taking of positions south of Trezany and the capture of 100 prisoners. Berlin, however, declares that all Russian attacks in Galicia have been repulsed, and that the Austro-Germans have taken 1,200 prisoners.

In Macedonia, the armies of the entente allies continue to advance. The Serbian troops that crossed the Strima northeast of Salonika, have taken the town of Nis, which was evacuated by the defenders. South of Monastir, Serbia, violent fighting is reported by Paris.

The artillery continues active on the Somme front in France, according to the reports from the war office of all the belligerents.

A delayed report from Constantinople tells of the rout of troops northwest of Hamasiin, Irbid. Tribesmen in Irbid, near Constantinople, have risen in revolt and driven the Russians from the city. Petrograd, on the other hand, reports progress for the Russians west and northwest of Trebizond, in Armenia.

BRAVERY OF A PRIVATE HELPS HIS COMRADES WIN

Ottawa, Ontario, Oct. 6.—The exploit of a wounded Canadian private who helped his comrades, killed and wounded many Germans and compelled sixty-two others to surrender, is described in a dispatch received here from Canadian headquarters in France.

The communique tells that the bravery of the unnamed private made it possible for his battalion to capture 250 yards of trenches at a critical moment in the general attack since their offensive began, the dispatch says, the Canadian troops were nearly three square miles of territory from the Germans.

"Severe fighting continued almost without cessation during the past week," says the report. "The Germans brought up reinforcements and fresh troops with object of making a desperate resistance to our advance. Attacks were repulsed by counter-attacks and certain portions of the trenches were the scene of sanguinary hand to hand struggles."

In consequence of the reports of progress, the communication continues, the Canadian lines were advanced and occupied a new position nearly 1,000 yards further forward. Fierce attacks and counter-attacks ensued from September 21 to October 1, trenches being held in turn by Germans and the Canadians. The Canadian line north of Courcellette was eventually pushed forward another 200 yards, the report says, and new trenches were dug.

Describing the action of the wounded private, the dispatch said:

"The most aggressive soldier was displayed by a private belonging to the Edmonton battalion. He was taking part in a morning attack when the advance was arrested and the superiority of the Germans established. Although one of his fingers had been blown away at the second point by a German bomb, he jumped out of the trench and ran along the outside firing at point blank range at the enemy, killing and wounding many of them. The remainder, who were in number, thinking themselves doomed to be cut off, threw up their hands and, with two other men, escorted the prisoners across open ground under heavy fire to a support trench, and then returned and reported himself for duty to his company commander. Before his wound had been dressed. This action undoubtedly made it possible for the battalion to capture and hold 250 yards of trench at a critical moment in the general attack."

ALLEGED MEMBERS OF SYNDICATE INDICTED

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

New York, Oct. 6.—Five men and a woman were indicted here today in the federal grand jury investigation into the operations of "the white slave blackmailing syndicate." They are charged with blackmailing Edward H. West, vice president of the U. S. Strong Tea & Coffee company, of this city and Chicago, out of \$15,000. The indictments accuse the men with impersonating government officers while the woman's part, it is charged, was to lure West from Chicago to the city.

Mr. West told the grand jury that while he was at a hotel with the woman, the men forced their way in and threatened to arrest him for violation of the Mann white slave act and that they executed a forced entry to his room.

The woman, Bada Gledman, alias Alice Williams, is in custody, as are William Butler, Homer T. French and James Christian, all named as defendants. Two other men are fugitives from justice.

STEAMERS CRASH IN HEAVY FOG AND ONE SINKS

Unidentified British Freighter Collides With Passenger Boat Near Norfolk; Fate of Passengers Unknown.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Norfolk, Va., Oct. 6.—An unidentified British freight steamer was sunk in the outer harbor tonight in a collision with the Chesapeake Steamship company's lay liner City of Norfolk, outward bound from this port for Old Point Comfort and Baltimore, with passengers.

The collision, due to a heavy fog enveloping the harbor, occurred off Newell's Point, about four miles north of Norfolk. The liner is returning to her pier. Whether or not there was any loss of life has not been ascertained.

Reports from Old Point Comfort, Va., across from Newell's Point, were that the bow of the passenger liner was partially carried away and that several persons on board were badly injured. The passengers were said to have been transferred to the Old Point Comfort river steamer Pocomoke for Norfolk.

Captain Hand and the crew of the *Freighter* were taken off by small boats lowered by the City of Norfolk. The river steamer Pocomoke and other craft which were passing fifteen minutes after being struck by the British ship had settled on the bottom in thirty feet of water.

Most of the nearly 100 passengers on the City of Norfolk were at dinner when the crash came. There was great excitement for a few minutes, but the officers soon restored order. The Pocomoke came alongside the City of Norfolk and the passengers were transferred to the river craft, but they remained there only a short time, being put aboard a lay liner of the Baltimore steam packet company, which took most of them to Baltimore.

Although the City of Norfolk's bow was carried away by ten feet, the collision inflicted little harm and she turned about and steamed slowly back to the pier, being assisted by two tugs.

The City of Norfolk was proceeding to Old Point Comfort at a slow rate of speed because of the fog, but in spite of this fact she struck the *Freighter* with great force, tearing a big hole in her side near the stern.

PASSENGERS ON CITY OF NORFOLK ARE ALL SAVED

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Baltimore, Oct. 6.—President E. C. Montgomery of the Chesapeake Steamship company, said tonight that there were between seventy-five and eighty passengers on the City of Norfolk and that all had been saved.

M'CHORD IS WINNER OF OFFICERS' TEST RIDE

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Memphis, Ark., Oct. 6.—Lieut. W. C. M'Chord, Troop C, First Cavalry, riding Max, won the officers' night test ride over a course which, according to an automobile speedometer, measured approximately miles, reaching the finish this morning at 7:50 o'clock.

Lieut. Louis B. Hollister, Troop C, New Jersey Cavalry, riding Tom, came in second, reaching the finish at 8:30 tonight, having been hit on the head.

Lieut. J. M. Walcott, headquarter First Cavalry, was judged to quit the race, his mount becoming too sick to finish.

Lieut. H. A. Harvey had his horse badly cut by running into a barbed wire fence on the first leg of the race last night and was unable to finish.

BOSTON CROWDED WITH PEOPLE TO SEE FIRST GAME OF WORLD SERIES

City Is All Agog and Hotels Are Overflowing With Fans Attracted to Beantown to See Championship Contest.

BROOKLYN PLAYERS AND ROOTERS ARE ON HAND

Practically Every Reserved Seat Has Been Sold; the Opening Contest Promises to Be Battle of Left-handers.

(BY MORNING JOURNAL SPECIAL LEADER WIRE)

Boston, Oct. 6.—This city awaits the opening of the 1916 classic tomorrow between the Brooklyn Nationals and the Boston Americans with the confidence that comes from faith in the playing representatives and the unbroken string of victories in past contests. The optimism and fighting spirit that the Brooklyn club and its accompanying band of supporters brought to town tonight added interest to the impending struggle for the premier honors of the diamond, without shaking in the least the faith of the local fans that the Red Sox would triumph over the invading team.

This confidence is reflected in every portion of the city as well as throughout New England. In baseball debate and warring it crops out time and again. While the betting tonight is 10 to 7 in Boston, with but little Brooklyn money in sight, the average supporter of the Boston Americans is far from predicting a walkover. The determined and courageous struggle put up all season by Brooklyn winning the National league championship has aroused great respect for the prowess of the National league standard-bearers and it is conceded that they will give the Boston combination the stiffest kind of a battle.

Not a Sectional Affair.

The series which opens here tonight tomorrow is far from being a sectional affair, however, from the standpoint of interest. Notwithstanding that the contending teams are eastern clubs, the interest in the coming struggle for the world's championship is national and this is demonstrated by the gathering of the spectators for the two games that will be played here tomorrow and Monday. While it is only natural that the majority of the fans should hail from New England and New York, the fact remains that hundreds of baseball enthusiasts from all parts of the country are here.

Every hotel in the city tonight is thronged with baseball followers who are willing to endure inconveniences, provided they are assured a place to sleep and eat. A glance at the registers shows that the fans have journeyed from the south, far west, central and Atlantic states to witness the play and explains why Braves field, with its seating capacity for more than 47,000 spectators, will be unable to accommodate the throngs who will besiege its gates tomorrow.

Weather Outlook Good.

The weather man has promised his finest forecast of weather for the opening game, his prediction calling for an ideal Indian summer day, moderately warm, and with little if any wind. Hundreds of men and boys gathered outside the wall of the park for an all-night vigil, under brilliant moonlight, and in a warm atmosphere that made overcoats and heavy wraps unnecessary.

The gates leading to the unreserved sections of the stands and bleachers will be opened early tomorrow morning and it was apparent that these sections would be filled before the game began at 2 p. m.

With the exception of a few un-called for ailments, every reserved seat was sold out tonight and these will be snapped up immediately when they are put on sale at the box office tomorrow morning. So great has been the demand for seats that not many more are offered for sale by speculators. President J. J. Lannin of the Boston club, stated that he had been forced to buy back at a premium some tickets which he needed for personal friends who had applied and could not be refused at the last minute.

Speculators Reap Profit.

Those speculators who were fortunate enough to secure even a pair of seats reaped a profit of more than 100 per cent upon their investment upon their announcement that they had seats for sale. Several were arrested during the afternoon for trafficking in the tickets at advanced prices.

There was the usual preliminary activity of players and officials during the day and the few minutes before the game the national commission meeting in New York last Tuesday were cleared away. Room after President Ben B. Johnson of the American League, and John K. Tener of the National league arrived from New York, the positions of the umpires for the opening game were assigned and the announcement made that the infield fly rule of the two leagues would be observed under American league regulations when the clubs were playing at the Boston